

## **Pengaruh Pengganti Air Susu Ibu (PASI) terhadap Kejadian Diare di Poli Bayi RSUD Dr. Soetomo, Surabaya**

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### **Description:**

Diarrhea or gastroenteritis is a prominent problem in community either in morbidity or mortality. The result of SKRT in 1995 showed that the mortality caused by diarrhea in baby was 13% and in children of 1-4 years old was 5%. According to Suharyono (1992) that diarrhea happened to the baby and child which given the formula milk was more than that of which given Mother Milk (ASI).

This study was to know the effect of PASI (Substitution of Mother Milk) to the incident of diarrhea. It was the analytic-observational study and cross sectional.

The populations in this study were the whole prenatal patients visited the clinic of Dr. Soetomo Hospital, which the numbers of all were 35. The sample taken with the method of non-probability using consecutive sampling technique.

The result was that the ten (10) patients out of 21 (28,57%) given PASI underwent diarrhea, and the eleven (11) patients out of 21 (31,43%) did not undergo diarrhea. The three (3) patients out of 14 (8,57%) given PASI underwent diarrhea and the eleven (11) patients out of 14 (31,43%) did not undergo diarrhea. After statistic examination conducted we got the result that there was no effect of PASI to incident diarrhea.

Source : <http://digilib.litbang.depkes.go.id/go.php?id=jkpkbppk-gdl-res-2002-k2c-1893-diare>